### RRIDVILLE HIGH SCHOOLS.

The Trustees of the Reidville High Schools de subscribers to meet at Reidville, on the 7th of November, to consider the principles proposed to be incorporated into the charter; and they all would inform them that the first instalment of one-third is now due, and would request them to pay it over to Dr. John C. Oeland, the Treasurer, as soon as convenient. Oct 29 36 2t

### COURT.

Our fall court commenced on Monday morning Judge Munro presiding. His henor is plain and direct in word and action-meaning what he says and saying what he means. We did not have the pleasure of hearing his charge to the grand jury, on the circuit: Prominent subjects were a codification of the statutes of the State, by which the substance of the twelve volumes may be compressed in to the compass of one; a change in the court sys tem, by the substitution of inferior tribunals for the and such change in the prison system as will compel prisoners by labor to bear a proportion of the xpenses inseparable from the punishment of crime In connection with the courts, Judge Munro also suggested that the grand jury be dispensed with in assaults and batteries, &c., and also that actions founded upon them be not traversable - holding outrageous that for simple assaults, &c., a period of six months shall be allowed to prepare for trial; while for homicides but three days are allowed from arraignment to trial.

We may say here, without flattery, that Judge Munro has thus far given very great satisfaction. He does not unnecessarily interrupt the lawyers, and when compelled to do so, the interposition in brief and pertinent. We hesitate not to avow our belief that Judge Munro will become one of our most useful and popular judges-founded upon his honesty and impartiality.

The business of the court embraces nothing of commanding interest, but the dockets will contain many continued cases for another term.

There was during the early days of the week at unusual attendance of our country friends; and at the bar we noticed a perfect avalanche of circuit lawyers-among whom we were pleased to find Col. Orr.

### RED STRAP-LEAF TURNIPS.

We love to encourage agriculture in all depart ments, and hence notice with pleasure some fine specimens of turnips, of the Red Strap-Leaf variety. raised by Mr. Wm. Alexander, on Cavin's Old Field, in the neighborhood of Woodruff's. These turning were sowed in drills, thinned to eight inches, on the 1st September, and have had no rain to speak of during all the sixty days of their growing: and vet one of them measures fourteen and a half inches in circumference, and the balance are but a few inches less. In view of this result of ridge planting, in such a season as the past fall, will not others take the hint and adopt it! We thank Mr. Alexander for making his success public, and shall al ways cheerfully notice similar results when brought to our attention, satisfied that the knowledge will be valuable to our agriculturists.

# FINE SEGARS.

Those is want of a really fine Segar can supply themselves at Twitty's by purchasing a neat little box of the Nectar brand, containing twenty five They are No. 1.

# FROM EUROPE.

The Persia, at New York from Liverpool, on England, Austria, and Portugal

The Times' Vienna correspondent describes the panie on the Vienna Exchange on the 13th as frightfal. The National Loan, bearing 4 per cent. interest, payable in silver, fell to 80½.

The Russian naval division destined for the Chi-

nese waters had quitted Cronstadt. It consists of three corvettes and three steam elippers. The statements in regard to the extensive nature of the fortifications which Russia is constructing at

the entrance of the Sea of Azof are confirmed.

A letter in the Presse of Vienna says it is per A lefter in the Fresse of vienna says it is per-fectly true that the Russian Government has sot aport 6,000,000 roubles for the reconstruction of Sebastopol, and that, although the treaty of Paris forbids the building of fortifications, it is supposed it

may be easily eluded. A New York letter, in noticing the quantity of

specie coming to this country, says:

"The premium on gold is falling. The bullion bro kers are selling at 4 of one per cent, and buying at 4. A part of the gold received by the Baltie has been sent to New Orleans. Our city banks will soon have \$16,000,000 in bank. The receipts from Europe and California will mostly go into bank; and the question arises, what will they do with it? The banks do not know now. They keep contracting, and contracting, buying their treasure and giving no assistance. The city banks begin to be the ridi-

eule of the community.

"The arrival of so much specie from Europe is or should be felt as an encouraging symptom to us; and otherwise the European news is not worse than we expected. The Bank of England will doubtless raise its rate not only to eight per cent, the highest it ever charged, but to nine and ten. This is the it ever charged, but to nine and ten. right way in which to enforce a continuation of obfigations, whole specie flows out, but when specie flows in, it will reduce the rate again. We un-derstand that the neceptances of all London houses doing business with America are unsaleable. The Brothers' paper sold at 54 per cent per annum [pre-mium!] but subsequently became unsaleable."

MOUNT ZION COLLEGIATE ANSTITUTE. - The Winnsboro Register states that at a special meeting of the Mount Zon Society, on the 29th Instant, Gen. John A. Alston, of York, was duly elected principal, vice J. W. Hudson, deceased.

A Washington correspondent of the New York Times, says it is supposed that Hon John Forsyth, our Minister to Mexico, has made a proposition to President Comonfort for the purchase of Sonora and Lower California, which will probably not be

FROM UTAH .- Capt. Van. Viiet, Assistant Quartermaster, U. S. Army, arrived at St. Louis from Salt Lake city, 14th ult., gives an exciting account of the temper of the Mormons. He passed a week in Salt Lake city, and had good opportunities of knowing the teeling in reference to the prospect of

having a United States army occupying it. "He was treated with much consideration and men of the city. But on all occasions, and from every quarter, he heard only one expression of opinion—and that was, that they never would perby the United States Government, to get a foot-hold in their dominious. In all their public declarations, and in their private conversations, this sentiment is boldly avoved: they will never suffer the theops to enter the city, and if they do, it will be after the town has been canonitied to the flames, the territory around it laid waste, and all the inhabitants have fled to the mountains. Their fainting eism knows no bounds; they believe Brigham Young to be the appointed agent of the Lora, and whatever he commands them to do they will perform

"DEPINING HIS POSITION." To the comments of the "True Carolinian," on

our remarks on the speech of Gen. McQueen; That he would vote for no man for Speaker of the

House who will sustain Walker or the Administration in the fraud which has been practiced upon the South in Kansas" we have only to say: That we speak from no authority but our judgment of men and circumstances as they become public and notorious-nor have we, either by word or letter, directly or indirectly, been made acquainted with Col. Orr's views upon the subject of Kausas since Walker went there as Governor. Nor did it require such intimate knowledge of Col, Orr's views to enable us to speak as we then did. Gen. Me-Queen is known as a cecessionist, and has exhibited on more occasions than the present a determination of a similar kind. Hence, when he boldly avowed that he would vote for no man for Speaker" who ould "sustain Walker or the Administration in the fraud which has been practiced upon the South in Kansas " he develops a foregone conclusion that Walker has practiced a found upon the South, and but understand it was similar to that in other places that the Administration is a party to that fraud -therefore he will support no man that supports it. Now, it must be known that Col. Orr supports the Administration in its general measures and poliey. But, though he may believe both Walker and the Administration consurable for the course of trial of small offences, thus relieving the circuit things in Kansas, yet, because he supports that Adcourts from petty business, and permitting them to ministration (which is sustained by a united South) devote more attention to felonies and civil cases; Gen. McQueen avows a determination not to support him for the Speakership! This was the founlation thought of our remark, and to us it does not seem very inconclusive, neither must it depend upon that intimate personal knowledge insinuated by the True Carolinian, and which we have disclaimed

> his constituents; but when he affords the exception to the rule, we have generally found that he confined himself to such topics as were subjects of interest to them. This was another element in our onclusion, as it was known to him and the State that Col. Orr would be a candidate for the Speaker ship, and the only candidate from this State.

> Knowing Col. Orr as we do, we take it for grantd that his opinions with reference to Governor Walker's unjustifiable and importinent interference. n trying to control the wishes of the people of that Perritory, are the same as those entertained by nearly every man of every party in the entire South. Will Gen. McQueen or the editor of the True Carolinian give their constituents or readers the ame of a single politician in the South who approves of Walker's Inaugural and Topeka Speechesi

# THE BANKS AGAIN.

On this subject we have but little to say, further han to express a hope, that the general dissatisfaction of the people with the masterly manner in which the banks treat them will awaken a disenssion in the Legislature touching their right to lord it over all interests but their own. A few of the papers are speaking out, and we trust more will follow in the same strain.

It affords us pleasure to notice that some of our public men, whose political vision is supposed to rest forever beyond the boundaries of the State, are lookng into this subject, and are uttering sentiments not exactly harmonious with present banking. Hon. Mr. Boyce, Representative in Congress from the Richland District, lately made a speech at Chester, in which he said: "The banks of South Carolina should be confined

to the banking business of the State of South Caro-lina. They should be permitted this in its amplest range, but not one step beyond. The prac-Mobile or other cities, loaning money and dealing in exchanges, and having officers in New York naving notes there, is to my mind, says the honprable gentleman, monstrous, and should be extinated by the roots—should be absolutely and permptorily forbidden, and forbidden, too, by penalties at would enforce obedience. Can anything be magined more prejudicial to the interests of the people of this State, than for financial safety to be constantly put in jeopardy by speculations of agents and bank officers in distant States? It is a game Wednesday, 28th alt., brought \$1,000,000 in specie. at which the people of South Carolina have every-She brings accounts of monetary derangements in thing to lose and nothing to gain. I do not think permuting our banks to speculate in the various forms of money-making in distant States, we run all the risks of the financial disasters of those States without any counterbalancing advantage. The people cannot possibly gain anything by this opern tion, and yet they may lose a great deal. Banks are institutions chaftered for the public good. As the public good cannot be promoted, but may be vastly prejudiced, by this transference of our banks o other States, I say it should be prohibited."

# APPEAL COURTS.

The Court of Appeal meets at Columbia on the fourth Monday of this month. The business will be called in the following order:

Equity .- 1. Causes from the 6th Circuit to be and heard for one week, if so much time he neves. sary; otherwise the next Circuit in order.

2. Causes from the 4th Circuit to be taken up at the end of the foregoing, and heard for one week.

f so much time be necessary; otherwise the next Circuit in order. | well for the future - and that the Bank would suf-3. Causes from the 5th Circuit to be taken up at fer but little from the confusion and distress prevailthe end of the foregoing, and heard for one week, if | ing around. so much time be necessary; otherwise the next

4. Causes from the 2d and 3d Circuit to be taken at the close of the foregoing, and heard until c end of the term, or until, disposed of.

Law.—1. The Southern Great to be called on the fourth Monday in November.

2. The Eastern Circuit immediately after; to be

3. The Western Circuit, and probably in the ime week by
4. The Northern Circuit.

Thanksgiving Day.-It will be seen that His

of this month as a day of thanksgiving. BROWNLOW ON THE FUGITIVE SLAVE LAW .-

The following, from Brownlow's letter to the Anti-Slavery Standard, is a strong way of putting the "Paul netually apprehended a faguive slave, and

nt him back to his lawful owner and carthly master. And the 'Angel of the Lord' on one occasion positively served in the capacity of a United States Marshal, and assisted in arresting the fugitive slave Hagar, who had escaped from her mistress Sarah, and returned her to her lawful owner!" The country banks of New York State held a

meeting at Syracuse, on Thursday, and resolved. That it is their duty to prepare for the early resumption of specie payments; that before said resumption they will endeavor to keep their bills as near the specie basis as possible; that they will increase their line of discounts to the extent of their ability to aid n forwarding produce. They also appointed a committee to effect an association of the country banks for mutual protection; to arrange a system for redemption and exchanges, and report to a future

A NEW CATHOLIC TRANSLATION OF THE BI-BLE.-The London Catholic Register makes the

following announcement:
"We are authorized to state that, in accordance with the decrees of the last Synod at Westmuster which have lately been returned from Rome with bishop of Westminster has intrusted the prepara-tion of a corrected version in English of the Holy Scriptures to the care of Dr. Newman. Never has t been our duty to make an announcement which

The riots at the municipal election of Baltimore luced the Governor of Maryland to issue orders with the commands them to no they will perform with a face the commands them to a they have previsions sufficient to last them for three or four years, and that persecuted as they have been and are, by the Americans, they will resist to the last extremity."

The mayor objects to this, but the Governor will pay little heed to him.

On Wednesday evening, Oct. 21, after I closed attending a meeting of the State Agricultural Society of North Carolina la the Senate Chamber. The ceting was largely attended. Chief Justice Rufin had been President of the society, and was reelected by acclamation. He seems to be a venerable gentleman of three score and ten, and lives eeply in the offections of his countrymen. Some matters relative to the best method of perpetuating the usefulness of the society were discussed. Among the speakers noticed and recollected were ex-Governor Manley, Mr. Jones, (I believe author of

Cousin Sally Dillard,") and Mr. Quinn. In the course of the remarks of the evening, some gentleman, name not known, remarked that the Agricultural Society of South Carolina asked the Legislature for three thousand dollars annual approriation, and the Legislature proudly gave five thousand. Life membership and other subscriptions

Thursday morning, October 22, we were conducted through the school rooms of both departments. The number of pupils is about fifty-seventeen blind and thirty or upwards deaf and dumb. The blind are instructed by Dr. Waddell, principal of that department, and his excellent lady. They speak of great difficulty in procuring books printed raised type for the blind. The deaf and dumb are instructed by deaf and dumb assistant teachers, graduates of the New York School. Favorably mpressed with the condition of the school, and feeling greatly obliged to Mesars, Cooke, Waddell and Little and their kind ladies for their attentions, we took leave of all the inmates and started on our way to this place. It was our intention to go immedintely to the Virginia institution. At Weldon we bought a through ticket to New York without defining the route we wished to go.

The result was, when we arrived here, we proeeded at once to the depot of the Virginia Central Road, but were informed by the ticket agent that our ticket would not pass us on that road. And beore we could make the change and get to the other depot, the cars were gone, and we consequently turned over to the will of Charles Hotel. Having slept little last night, it was resolved to occupy a part of the day in repose.

We will leave this evening about seven o'clock for Philadelphia, and try to return by way of Staun-

The troubles in money matters seem to be on the increase. It is exceedingly difficult for travellers to keep funds in such condition as to be acceptable.

We regret to learn from our correspondent that is health and the amount of labor he will necessarily have to undergo in a tour devoted to business will not permit him to continue his letters to the Spartan. Under date of Philadelphia, October 27. 1857, he writes us that he had made an examination of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind under the control of Mr. Chapin, and regards it well worthy of the reputation it has acquired abroad. -EDS. SPARTAN.

### For the Carolina Spartan. THE MERCHANTS AND THE BANKS

SPARTANBURO, C. H., Oct. 2d, 1857. We, the undersigned, Merchants of this place ake this method of informing our friends and cus-

omers that we will take in payment for all potes and accounts due us, and for merchandise, all the Bills of the Banks of this State, as well as the bills of all the Georgia Banks, payable at Savannah and Augusta; and may add, that the suspension of the Banks of our State we believe to be a wise and ju dicious course for their protection, and we have entire confidence in their solvency

Tolleson & Wingo, A. J. Warren, Cleveland & Webber, Morgan & Moore, L. BLOOMBERG & BRO. A. H. KIRBY,
FISHER & HEINITSH,
H. & H. H. MITCHELL,
COB LOUIS.

For the Carolina Spartan. THE BANK OF CHESTER. MESORS. CAVIS & TRIMMIER:

DEAR Sins: In your last week's issue I see un der the head of "Banks not Suspended:" "The only banks in this State that have not su pended, as far as we can see, are the Bank of Charleston, the Union Bank, the State Back, the

Commercial Bank of Columbia, and the Bank of

Being interested in the Bank of Chester, and satisfied that you have inadvertently included it among the suspended, I take the liberty of enclosing to you a circular issued by their Board of Directors, respecifully requesting, at same time, that you would give the same such publication as you may consider necessary under the circumstances. You will observe the circular is dated the 9th instant, but I saw the President (G. S. Cameron, Esq.,) no later than yesterday, (the 25th,) and was pleased to learn, that they had not only withstood the storm thus far, but that he had every reason to believe that all should be

A. M. LATHAM. COOPERSVILLE, S. C., Oct. 26, 1857.

well for the future -and that the Bank would suf-

"Norice .- Whereas unfounded statements have been made, calculated to alarm the holders of the bills of the Bank of Chester: We, thoundersigned Directors, state that the said Bank was never in a tore safe condition, and is going on with its usual at its own counter. Now, to satisfy the public, in addition to our lability as Stockholders or the bills, which lability is for twice the amount of stock held Thanksgiving Day.—It will be seen that His by each and everyone of the Stockholders) we here. Excellency Governor Allston has appointed the 19th by pledge our private fortunes to the bill-holders. or the redemption and protection of the bills of the

THOS. MCLURE,
CORNELIUS CALDWELL,
JAS. HENPHILL,
GEO. S. CAMERON,
J. J. McLURE,
J. J. McLURE, Tuos, McLung, W. A. WALKER, A. B. SPRINGS, Jons H. ADAMS. "CHESTER, S. C. October 9, 1857."

COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S OFFICE, COLUMBIA., October 28, 1857.
MESSES. EDITORS: Allow me the use of your co mus, to answer the numerous inquiries made of ne as to the banks in this State that have sus-

outh-Western Railroad Bank, Planters and Me chanies' Bank, Bank of South Carolina, Farmers' enanies' Bank, Bank of South Carolina, Farmers' tract from a communication in the Charleston Cou-burg, Bank of Newborry, Exchange Bank of Co-lording Process Research Resear

[Columbia Carolinian.

MESSES. EDITORS: The people want light on the bjeet of modern bunking. Will you, therefore, give place to the following communication from the Charleston Mercury, as the rays shot forth by it are salculated to penetrate the most stolid intellects among our people as well as legislators. Such a state of things calls loudly for the interposition of the reserved authority of the Legislature; and if they refuse to protect the masses against the present pernicious banking system, it will be the duty of the peopeople to change their rulers, and send other agents to look after the general interest:

"OUR BANKS.-The condition of the Bank of

thousand dollars, which it had loaned on notes with personal security, we presume, would easily be appropriated by our Bank Directors. The Bank is not only of no use to the pe ple of the State, but a positive injury. If the Bank had not been established, the capital constituting it would have been vested, directly or indirectly, in lands and negroes in South Carolina, and thus the prosperity of the State would have been promoted. But being thrown into brokerage oper tions, it is kept floating on the wings of brokerage paper, and excepting in the increased income of the stockholders, utterly extinsessed income of the stockholders and story descended the hill, Odd Trick, Emulator and Zigzag also disappeared from the front. On approaching the coords, Queen Bess, with El Ilakim at the ruck, still held a slight lead, with Prioress running by herself on the fair side third; Fright, Zigzag, Warlock, and Emulator showing in front of the ruck. One of the most exciting Cessarewitch finishes ever seen then ensued. Priores, half way up the cords seemed to be about coming in alone, but the tiny jockeys of El Hakim and Queen Bess made a determined set to, and the judge, unable to separate the first three, pronounced a dead heat stand with equal rights before the State. All should Tommy, and the Poncher. e left free to use their in ustry in their own way, to advance their fortunes. To enable some citizens to make money out of others, is beside the province of a free and just government; but to give them the

siples of a just government; and this is the power they possess, as practiced by the Bank of Newberry and other similar Banks, in dealing in exchange. "The State had a very different and a contrary urpose in chartering our Banks. It was supposed hat they would assist the distressed or needy who vere solvent, by their loans, and thus save estates, and keep property in the State. Instead of sending capital out of the State, it was supposed that they ould increase the capital within it, and thus add to people by their bills, and that their bills should be eived as money in the payment of the taxes. This is a mighty power entrusted to the Banks. The power of altering or changing weights and measures, is nothing to it. In every country in the world excepting the United States, this power is under the direct and active control of the sovereignty of the country. We have given it to the Banks and what we, the people, have a right to require of the Banks, is a fair fulfillment of the purposes of their ereation. ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

## LETTER FROM R. C. WINTHROP.

The Boston journals bring to us the report of a neeting held in Fancuil Hall, "irrespective of pary," but which appears, from its published call, and the programme of its speakers, to have been main y compered of those favorable to the re-election of he present Covernor in the ponding emuyass for Sinte officers in Mussaelrasetts. The following letter from Hon. R. C. Winthrop appears among the

neud Hall this evening, even if I had not previous conceal the views which will govern my vote at the approaching election, and I cannot refuse to com-

hall continue to prefer a united nation.

Nor can I vote for one who places so low an es-Nor an I vote for one who places to low an estimate on the value of an independent judiciary that he would either remove a State judge or denounce, revile, and assail a national bench of judges for a decision or decree, however unpalatable, which desion or decree, however unpalatable, which may have been given in the conscientious discharge | gress

f sympathy, while our own State treasury is in uch lementable need of all, and more than all, its

esources. It is no time, in my humble judgment, for inflaming and stimulating sectional antipathies and animesities. They have already caused more evistian they can ever cure. We shall need all the old co-operation and matural g of will of the various parts of the country to concert and carry out measures for restoring the prospecity of our commercial and industrial angles.

and industrial pursuits.

The labor of the North certainly requires some The laster of the North certainty requires some better encouragement and robot than any which can result from such wholesale and inflammatory denunciations of southern labor as were heard at the late republican convention.

Yours, respectfully and truly, ROBERT C. WINTHROP.

Colonel J. W. Saven.

Pickers Court.—The editor of the Petriot gives

the deed was dated on the 13th of August, 1823, and the release of inheritance bore date the 19th of the same month. It was contended by plaintiff's counsel that the saven days had not clapsed. For defendants, it was contended that the plaintiff had herself contiled and admitted on the record that at least seven days had expired, and she was barred by her own almission. It was also contended that there was error in the date of the reliaguishment. The interest found, in opposition to the opmon of

WORTH READING.—We make the following ex-

burg, Bank of Newborry, Exchange Bank of Columbin, People's Bank of Charleston.

Banks Paying Specie.—Union Bank of Charleston, State Bank of South Carolina, Bank of Charleston, Commercial Bank of Columbin, Planters' Bank
of Fairfield, Merchants' Bank of Cheraw, Bank of
Chester, Bank of Camden, Bank of Georgetown.

Eleven of our banks have suspended. Nine of
them still continue to redeem their notes in specie. Eleven of our banks have suspended. Nine of them still continue to redeem their notes in specie. Many mis statements have been made. The above is reliable as reported to this office. Other papers will perhaps do the public a service by giving this communication an insertion in their papers. As to the solveney of our banks there is not one of them the solveney of our banks there is not one of them to make hay been made. There is plenty of wheat and flour ready to the solveney of our banks there is not one of them to make hay be moved. With proper facilities they can be the moved. With proper facilities they can be moved. With proper facilities they can be moved, which is soon going that way. but have assets abundantly sufficient to meet their habilities. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, J. D. ASHMORE, Compt. Gen.

J. D. ASHMORE, Compt. Gen.

J. D. ASHMORE, Compt. Gen. playment to the highest and the lowest in their re-Senator Hanter of Va., between whom and Gov.

Senator Hanter of Va., between whom and Gov.

Wise, it is raid, there will be a struggle for the about to-be vacant senatorial seat, has published a letter in which he denies the statement that he is bostile to the present administration. He announces his disapproval of Governor Walker's course.

The people, by their representations. The people, by their representations, will demand and will have a satisfactory market with his horse Belle. He was unanimous perfect the number of the New Rooms, New market.

Mr. Ten Brocek had won another race at New market with his horse Belle. He was unanimous be unable to give,) or punish all to the extent of the law. Each and all, suspended or not, have forfeit and they had better in time coax.

States District Attorney for Georgia, and John M. He announces the statement that he is claws, ere he tears them to pieces.

Tuesday, Oct. 13,—The Cessurewitch stakes, a free handicap of 24 sors, each 15 ft., with 200 add-ed by the Jockey Club; certain penalties, the second to receive 50 sors, out of the Stakes. Cessarewitch rse (2 miles 2 fur. 28 yards) 71 subs. Mr. R. Ten Broeck's Prioress, by Sovereign, 4

yrs. ost. 9lb. Capt. Smith's El Hakim, by the Cure, 3 yrs. Mr. Saxon's Queen Bess, by Alarm, 3 yrs., 4st. 10 lb. Mr. Simpson's Fright, 3 yrs., 6st. 12lb.

BETTING AT STARTING -4 to I against M. Dob-ler, 8 to 1 against El Hakim, 12 to I against Warlock, 100 to 8 against Lima, 100 to 7 against Ro-sati, 15 to 1 against Plush colt, 20 to 1 against Martinet, 20 to 1 against Tasmania, 25 to 1 against Newberry, as officially reported for August last, affords a strong elucidation of the new course of business entered on by our Banks as dealers in exchange. At the time its report to our Comptroller was made, it had, of notes on personal security loaned and only twenty four thousand four bunders and Martinet, 20 to I against Insmann, 25 to I against Emulator, 30 to I against Queen Bess, 33 to 1, each against Fright, Zigzag and Fisherman, 40 to I against Poodle, 50 to I each against Barfleur, December and Dusty Miller, 60 to I each against made, it had, of notes on personal security loaned out, only twenty-four thousand four hundred and thirty-six dollars, whilst it had vested in don estic exchange seven hundred and twenty-eight thousand one hundred and sixty-three dollars. Now, in what did this domestic exchange consist? Chiefly, we presume, in bills on New York; and when these presume, in bills on New York; and when these sills matured and were collected by their agent in Prioress and Poodle lying in the middle of the New York, the money was vested in shaving ruck. These positions were unchanged until reach-notes on New York, given by merchants of South ing the Ditch, when Cerva rushed to the front Carolina or Georgia, in payment of goods purchased New York. Thus, shaving bills of exchange on with Old Trick third, Emulator, El Hakim, Prior-New York in South Carolina, and shaving notes in New York due in South Carolina, constituted the forming the next lot. At the Bushes the pace besireulation of their capital. The people of the State gan to tell, and Warlock, Plush colt, and Poodle ceeived no benefit whatever from the existence of dropped back, and Cerva resigned the lead to ae Bank. The insignificant amount of twenty-four Queen Bess.

As they descended the hill, Odd Trick, Emula-

made a determined set to, and the judge, unable to creased income of the stockholders, utterly extinguished for any use to the State. This is a gross abuse of banking. The State has not granted charters of incorporation to our Banks, and made their Zegzag was fifth, about a length in advance of Warters of theorporation to our Babiss, and made their paper the money of the people, merely to enable a certain number of individuals to make more money. Such an object would be as unjust as it would be beneath the dignity of the State. All her citizens the control of the contr DECIDING HEAT.

Mr. R. Ten Broeck's Prioress, by Sovereign (bred in America,) 4 years, 6st. 9lb

in America.) 4 years, 6st. 9lb. 1
Captain Smith's El Hakim, 3 years, 6st. 9lb. 2
Mr. Saxon's Queen Bess, 3 years, 4st. 10lb. 3
BETTING—5 to 4 against El Hakim; 2 to 1
against Prioress, and 3 to 1 against Queen Bess.
The "heat" was run after the last race in a deepen power to make money out of the more distressed and needy, is a still wider departure from the prining twilight, which rendered it impossible to d lakin was first off, but after going about fifty yards, Prioress, overpowering Fordham, rushed to the front and carried on the running to the Ditch gap, lengths in the rear, Queen Bess going on with the lead, closely attended by El Hakin. On coming the wealth and prosperity of the State. For these great and beneficial purposes the State has agreed that the Banks should make the currency of the en!" but Fo dham roused the mare with his whip, and before reaching the foot of the hill she bore her colors in advance, and, quitting her opponents half way up the cords, won eleverly by a length and a half, El Hakim beating Queen Bess by a head ony for second place. A loud and prolonged cheer hailed the triumph of the American colors, and Mr. Ten Brocck was warmly congratulated upon the first victory achieved by him in England. An objection was made by the rider of Queen Bess against the rider of El Hakim on the ground of a cross

### From Kansas.

Sr. Louis, October 26. nsas was filed on the 15th instant,, against the raudulent returns from Oxford Precinct, Johnson ounty; and in reply to it, after a personal examproclamation in the Herald of Freedom of the 20th, in which they express a determination to reject the entire vote of Oxford, and to give cortificates to the free State condition. The proclamation produced intense excitement among the extreme-pro-slavery men, and threats of vengeance against Gov. Walker and Secretary Stanton were made.

KANSAS WALKER. - WASHINGTON, Oct, 28 .-Gov. Walker's request to have the United States troops detained in Kansas during the coming win I can vote for no one who stands before the peo quired, and, therefore, that the troubles in the Ter- following gratifying letter from Ex-Governor Gor ple as the avowed can iddate of a sectional party, and whose great end and object would seem to be to array "a united North" against the other parts of the country. Others may go for a unit d. North; I the Governor's request, unless sustained by decided

The St. Louis Democrat says: It is rumored in The St. Louis Democrat says: It is rumored in the city that the officers in the army stationed in Kana's have pertioned the President for the removing a hundred thousand dollars at executive distribution or indiscretion, to be sent away on arrands all of Gov. Walker, or are with the troops to induce them to vote at the lat

New York, October 31.—Private despatches received in this city from Lawrence, Kansas, say that Walker and Stanton had fled from Benicia, in assequence of the threats of the ultras. The people f Lawrence offer them an asylum and protection.

THE CONSTITUTION OF OREGON. -The Consultation, according to the last accounts, to be adopted by the Oregon convention, contains some remarka-ble provisions. It does away (says the Journal of Commerce) with grand juries as nunceessary—the preliminary examination before a magistrate previous to committal being deemed sufficient. It provides that there shall be no lieutenant governor, that the secretary of State shall exercise the func tions of governor pro tem in case of the death of that functionary; and that the governor shall also be treasurer of the State. The number of men bers of the State senate is limited to fifteen, and that of the he particulars of a singular case tried at the late assembly to thirty, with bicomial sessions. The session of Pickens court, which may be of interest ball of is abolished at elections, and rice roce voting "There were three cases of trespas to try files depending on a singular question. The plaintill was a woman, who, during the lifetime of her husband, had united with him in conveying her Linds. She afterwards reliaquished her estate of inheritance, declaring that she had, at least seven days before, freely and voluntarily pland her said husband in executing the deed. But it appeared that the deed was dated on the 13th of August, 1823, and the release of inheritance have date the 19th of the sense count. It was not read her said to the constitution, to be adopted or rejected by a classification of the people.

The jury so found, in opposition to the opinion of the Court, and the case goes up to the Court of Appeals. It would have been a case of extreme. The handbill states that it is believed he received as me as to the banks in this State that have suspended specie payments, and those that still continue to pay coin for their bills, viz:

Appeals. It would have been a case of extreme Suspexber Banks — Bank of the State of South Carolina, Branch Bank of the State at Co-ed of their lands under the effective the effective that the state of the State at Co-ed of their lands under the effective that the state of the State at Co-ed of their lands under the effective that the state of the State at Co-ed of their lands under the effective that the state of the State at Co-ed of their lands under the effective that it is believed he received as status of the State of the State of the State of the State at Co-ed of their lands under the effective that it is believed he received as status of the Court, and the case go s up to the Court of Appeals. It would have been a case of extreme Status of the Court, and the case go s up to the Court of Appeals. It would have been dispossess.

South Carolina, Branch Bank of the State of the S T. Scate also offers the same amount for his appre-hension.—Unionville Journal. MEETING OF COTTON PLANTERS.—The Holly

Mr. Ten Brocek had won another race at New

Yorkville there has been no little excitement growing out of a special informing agent, for the firm of Douglas & Co., the New York Commercial Agency, who, it is said, sent some reports that injured the reputation of a Mr. James Allen, Jun., a merchant of Yorkville. Long and warm correspondence grew out of this matter, and on Saturday last Mr. James Allen, Sen. was about posting explanatory handbills of the affai.; when the special Agent, a Mr. T. J. Bell, approached him and desired him to desist; words arose, and Bell shot Mr. Allen on the spot with a double-barreled gun, killing him instantly. The greatest excitement prevails in Yorkville—so our informant says, who arrived in on the spot with a double-barreled gun, killing him instantly. The greatest excitement prevails in Yorkville—so our informant says, who arrived in Columbia last night, and young Allen was by the merest chance prevented avenging the murder of his father by immediately shooting the cold-blooded perpetrator of the dreadful deed. Bell is lodged in jail, and the authorities are commanding full power over the excited people.— Carolina Times.

Mr. TEN BROECE'S WINNINGS.—As everybody is auxious to know whether Mr. Ten Broeck Lade himself whole by his winnings in the Cesarewitch, for the expenses and losses of his spirited enterprise, we will state, says Porter's Spirit of the Times, that we have reliable information that he bet very largeimself for all his outlays and mishaps, but is largely in excess. Without any special information on the subject, however, all who know Mr. Ten Brocek would be sure of this result. He had lost the whole season through, and the Newmarket meeting afforded him his last and only chance for the season to get even. The withdrawal of Pryor also made it still more necessary that he should not let slip the only opportunity within his reach to redeem his unfortunate campaign. Under such circum-stances, a man with no more pluck than a rabbit would feel bound to bet with spirit while a game man like Mr. Ten Broeck, would be sure to go a good length. The weights suited him; the mare was in fine condition: and all we have to add is that if he laid out a bare thousand pounds at the odds, he stands winner to the tune of half a million of dollars. Although a great many have been laughing at him here, he is now laughing at them,

CAN A MINISTER MARRY A DIVORCED WOMAN? -Rev. Mr. Shields, of Iowa, having been silenced by the Presbytery of Des Moines for marrying a woman who had been divorced by the laws of Iowa, appealed to the Synod and his appeal was sustained, The Synod expresses its opinion that the action of the Presbytery was carried in form, and suggested by a laudable zeal in the service of the church; and although sustaining Mr. Shields, does not approve of his marriage, as is shown by the following reso-

lution: Resolved, That in restoring Rev. J. H. Shields to his former position in the gospel ministry, the Synod should not be understood as approving the intracting of marriage, especially by ministers of the gaspel, with persons divorced for whatever cause, believing that such marriages impair usefulness, influence and standing, and bring into ques-tion the purity and wisdom of the parties thereto.

THE AMERICAN GOODWOOD .- The Lexington (Ky.) Fall Meeting closed October 3d, with the "Goodwood Race-Purse \$150, entrance added, for "Grodwood race—russ story and a half miles."
It was won by R. A. Alexander's ch. c. by imported Glencoe, in 5.924, track very heavy. "Mr. ed Glencoe, in 5.923, track very heavy. "Mr. Alexander," says the correspondent of the Spirit of the Times, "has reason to be proud, having won the first Goodwood Cup ever run for in America. The Cup itself was a most chaste and beautiful one, reflecting great credit upon the artist who designed and manufactured it. Aside from the beauty of the design and the quality of the material of which tin, its immense cost, being no less than fifteen cents, cash, greatly enhanced its value. It is the design of the club to give a similar purse, at every meeting, for beaten horses."

THE FLOW OF GOLD .- Gold is flowing into the country from all quarters. Since the suspension in New York, less than a week ago, the receipts have con-by the Northern Light from California, \$1, 650,000; by the Black Warrior, from Havana \$185,000; by the Cahawba, from Havana \$500. \$15,000; by the Canawha, from Flavana \$500,-000; by the Europa, from England, \$315,000; and by the Persia, \$1,000,000; amounting in the ag-gregate to \$3,660,000. This gold is being dessemi-nated throughout the country, finding its way from New Orleans up to St. Louis as a distributing point, and from New York westward to Chicago, and littles for our cetter.

ther for our cotton.

The flow has just commenced. It will continue for several months yet, as the financiers of the Old World are pertuetly aware. With the fide of speole setting thus strongly to this country, a resumpthe latter part of next spring .- Carolina Times.

MINNESOTA ELECTION .- Last evening's western

To the Editor of the Union:
Minnesota has elected the whole Democratic
State ticket and a majority of the Legislature by a

r majority.

The battle has been fought by the Democracy or the soundest constitutional principles, and the con-stitution adopted by a large majority. Democratic majority on State ticket about 1,000

Democratic majority in Legislature about 4 to 8 votes on joint ballot. Truly, yours,
W. A. GORMAN.

PLANTERS' BANK .- The Directors of the Planters Bank of Pairfield have printed a circular in which they announce that, all the "bills receivable," disounted during the present year, are believed to be safe and sceure, being in almost every instance drawn and endorsed by planters and accepted by Southern houses in good standing. No discounts have been made in any Northern city, nor do they own a single bill on any protested house in th North. They also state that while the Board of Directors own one-third of the stock, they do not owe one dollar to the Bank.—Fairfield Register.

SYNOD OF VIRGINIA-NEW SCHOOL PRESERVE day morning last, the Rev. Mr. Danforth, from the mmittee on the Ministers of the General Assembly, made a report recommending a withdrawal of the Synod from the General Assembly. The report was discussed at length during the morning and evening sessions, and gave rise to various propositions. The result was the adoption, at a late hour by a nearly unanimous vote, of a resolution to withdraw from the present General Assembly and form a United General Assembly.

HARD TIMES.—A couple of gentlemen of our ity were standing on the Bay yesterday, convers ing about the hardness of the times and the necessity for economy. One of them remarked: "Well, I had corn and beet and cabbage, for dinner today." His companion stumped him with the question, "Why, what did you do with that pair o ducks I saw you pay a dollar and a quarter for?"
"Oh!" replied our economist, "I had them besides."

Sav. Republican. WHAT IS TO BE THE "ISSUE?"—The Washing-on correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser, says:
"A party is rising in favor of a national bank of

some sort, of protective tariff, and of a bankrup law. So the state of things that existed twenty years ago is coming round to us again. The Kan sas issue is gone by; and this fact favors the rise of other issues of a general and practical nature."

The New York Post says that domestic exchan ges are becoming still more embarrassed, and says that remittances to one of the city banks from a western correspondent, costing him ten per cent. pre-mium in the purchase, was placed to his account at a further cost of five per cent, making a total of fifteen. Parties who bought draits in Baltimore, n Saturday last, lost one per cent. by the change of market before they could get returns. The Administration utterly condemns Gov. Wal-

er's course in purging the polls in Oxford county,

The La Grange Reporter says that on the line

of Georgia and Tennessee last week, corn was sell-ing at twenty-live cents, and wheat at fifty cents per

Died, at his residence, in St. Mathews Presidence 28th ult., J. M. DANTZLER, in the 1 third year of his age.

# COMMERCIAL.

Columbia Market, October 31, 1857. tere seem determined to hold their coites off the market for the present, hoping, we suppose, to chain better prices by and by, and in consequence of this state of things, the quantity offering is so, light we may say we have almost no market at all, still the few sales that have been made are at former prices, viz: 14 a 114 cents. The total sales of the week are only a fraction over 100 bales.

Coan.—The stock of corn on the market is light, and prices are firm, at 95c. a \$1.00 per bashel.

Flours.—The flour market is dall, and prices are drooping. We quote \$5\frac{1}{2}\$ a \$6 for common to superfine brands; extra family flour \$6\frac{1}{2}\$ a \$6.75 per barrel.

### LIMESTONE SPRINGS FEMALE HIGH SCHOOL CONCERT.

The FALL CONCERT of the above Institution n Vocal and Instrumental Music will be given on WEDNESDAY, the 11th proximo, at 7 o'clock,

The Patrons and friends of the Institution are respectfully invited to attend. Nov 5 37 2t

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS. PLEMING PROS. PROPRIETORS.

This great medicine has supplanted all others for the cure of diseases of the Liver. Its effects are so salutary and speedy, and at the same time so perfectly safe, that it is no surprising it should supersede all others. Invented by a very distinguished physician of Virginia, who practiced in a region of country in which Hepatis, or Liver Complaint, in peculiarly formidable and common, and who had spent years in discovering the ingredients and roportioning their quantities, these Pills are pecuiarly adapted to every form of the disease, and nevor fail to alleviate the most obstinate cases of that terrible complaint. They have justly become celebrated, and the researches of Dr. M'Lane have plaed his name among many benefactors of mankind. No one having symptons of this formidable com plaint should be without these invaluable Pills Have you a pain in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, which increases with pressure-unable to lie with ease on the left side-with occasional, sometimes constant, pain under the shoulder-blade, frequently extending to the top of the shoulder Rely upon it, that although the latter pains are sometimes taken for rheumatic, they all arise from diseases of the Liver; and if you would have relief. go instantly and buy a box of Dr. M'Lane's Liver

burgh. Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS. manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pirra-EURGH, PA. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermituge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS.

Pills, prepared only by Fleming Bros. of Pitts-

[25] Oct 29

### SPECIAL NOTICE.

dersigned, a committee appointed by the Mount Zion Society for the purpose of having a suitable Monument erected in front of the College over the remains of JAMES W. HUDSON, late over the remains of JAMES W. HUDSON, late Principal of the College, take this method of suggesting to those who have at any time been pupils of Mr. Hudson, that each one contribute the limited sum of one dollar to aid in the above design. Any one falling within the above description, and desiring to participate in this well abserved tribute to departed worth and usefulness, can do so by enclosing the sum limited to J. H. Riou, Treasurer of the committee.

Receipts will be acknowledged. Receipts will be acknowledged from time to time

n the Fairfield Herald. JAMES B. McCANTS,

JAMES R. AIKEN, JAMES H. RION. School Exhibition. THERE will be a public Exhibition at BEECH SPRINGS SCHOOL, on FRIDAY, the 13th instant, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The public are respectfully invited to attend,
O. P. RICHARDSON, Principal,
Nov 4 37 21

Strayed or Stolen, FROM the subscriber, in the immedate vicinity of Greenville village, on the night of the 30th of Octoberlast, A DARK BAY MARE, about six or seven years old. Had some few signs, as old saddle marks, on her back, and when standing would show a stooping of the head.

For any information whereby the subscriber can obtain her, a suitable reward will be given. Address to Mountain Shoals P. O., Spartanburg S. C.

dress to Mountain Shouls P. O., Spartanburg S. C. Nov. 5 37 1t WILLIA & COLE.

Sale of Real and Personal Property. WE propose to sell at public outery, to the highbrown, deceased, on the 24th day of NOVEMBER NEXT, the tract of land whereon the said deceased resided, containing 237 acres, the BEA-SON TRACT, (as it is called) containing 50 acres;

Nine Likely Negroes, Lot of Mules, Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Seed Cottons Wheat, Corn, Forder, one Waggon, Buggy and Harness, Farming Implements, Household and

Kitchen Furniture, &c.

Terms — All sums under five dollars cash, on the delivery of property, all of and over five dollars, twelve months' eredit, with interest from the day of sale; the purchaser to give bond and approved sure ties for the purchase money,

JAMES CARNEL, Executors.

Z. LANFORD, 5 37 STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,



EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 30, 1857.

By his Excellency Bobt. F. W. Allston, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the State of South Carolina.

THURSDAY, the 19th of November, is ap-Almighty God for all the blessings of the past year. It is recommended that on that day business to sup-pended, at least during the hours of public service, in order that citizens may have the opportunity to attend, with their families, their respective places of worship, and there in the House of the Lord to pay their vows in the presence of all the people, to worship Him in the beauty of holiness.

There are, in the course of every year, mournful results enough of calamities by sea, disasters on land casualties and crime, besides the natural wearing out of the human frame, to remind us that death is

Free, however, from pestilence and famine, enjoying a good degree of health, and having secured, in peace, abundant harvests, we should indeed be ungrateful who should decline to devote one business. nees day especially to the contemplation and ad-Given under my hand, and the seal of the State,

in Columbia, this 30th of Cet-ber, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty seven, and in the right second year of American Independence W. ALLSTON.